#### Installation tutorial for Console Customs Xbox 360

## Halo 2 Double shot Mod Chip for new style (CG) wireless controllers.

This tutorial is designed to aid you in installation of a console customs Halo 2 Double shot microchip. This tutorial covers the installation of the chip in a New style (common Ground) wireless controller. The first step in this tutorial explains how to tell which style controller you have and if this is the correct tutorial for your controller.

This installation requires soldering several wires to extremely small confined spaces. We do not advise attempting this installation if you are a beginner at soldering. We recommend reading through all of the instructions and understand them before beginning your installation.

WARNING: Please proceed with this installation at your own risk. We will not be held responsible for any damage to yourself, your controller, your Xbox 360 console or any other equipment.

This tutorial requires opening your controller which will void the warranty of your controller.

#### **Tools needed:**

- Torx T8 Security/tamper proof driver (For opening wireless controller)
  - Soldering iron (A 5w/30w from radio shack is about \$12)
- Solder (We use rosin core solder from radio shack so there is no need for flux \$4)
- Wire strippers (that can strip 30ga wire, a 30ga wire wrap tool from radio shack includes a 30ga stripper \$8)
  - Wire cutters
  - Hot glue gun
  - 9/64<sup>th</sup> drill bit (or close to it a 1/8<sup>th</sup> will also work)
  - Small pocket knife or razor blade (optional but helpful)

Please visit our website at www.consolecustoms.net

Also visit our ebay store at <a href="http://stores.ebay.com/console-customs">http://stores.ebay.com/console-customs</a>

## Controller Identification

• Before you get started you need to know which Controller type you have so that you can follow the correct tutorial for your controller. The Left side images show the board from behind the battery door (no need to open the controller) and the right side is with the controller open.



#### **Matrix PCB**

From the battery door area you can see that there is no Capacitor on the left side while the other two versions do have a capacitor.





#### **CG PCB**

From the battery door area you can see that the Capacitor is horizontally oriented.





#### CG2 PCB

From the battery door area you can see that the capacitor is vertically oriented.



## !!STOP!!

- This tutorial is only for Common Ground style controllers. If you identified your controller as a common ground in the previous step please continue.
  - If you Identified your controller as a Matrix style please visit our website (<a href="www.consolecustoms.net">www.consolecustoms.net</a>) to find the correct tutorial for your controller. Or better yet check your other controllers to see if they are a common ground style as installation is much easier on the common ground style controllers. If you do not have a common ground and want to purchase a new controller from the store here are a few tips to find a CG controller.
    - All combo packs (controller + play and charge kit) will have a CG controller.
  - Almost All CG controllers have a serial number that start with 0588. This will be on the bottom of the bubble packaging.
  - All Matrix style controllers and some CG controllers have serial numbers that start with 0288. If you see one that starts with 0288 it is most likely a matrix style, so just keep looking.
  - Visit our Website <u>www.consolecustoms.net</u> to purchase a guaranteed CG controller.

#### Step 1: First lets start by looking at what is in your kit.

- You should have the following items in your kit
  - 1. (1) 14 pin PIC microcontroller
  - 2. (1) 14 pin Logic switch (only used on Matrix controller installations)
  - 3. (2) Buttons
  - 4. 30ga. Wire (We include 4 colors so it is easier to follow the tutorial.)

The PIC has a small notch in the top and will also read "PIC 16F684" on the chip itself.

The logic Switch has a larger notch than the PIC. This is NOT USED in CG style controllers

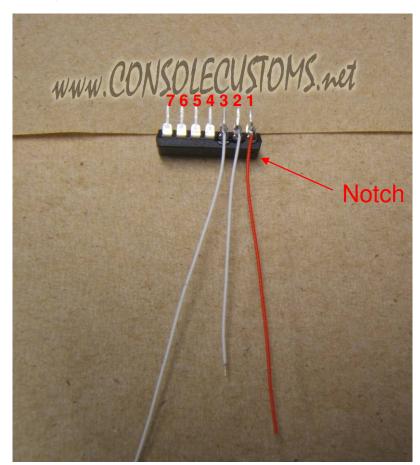


# Step 2: The best way to start is by first attaching all the wires to the chip. For the new style PCB you only need to use the PIC chip the Logic switch is not used.

- In the image below you can see one side of the chip. The orientation of the chip can bee seen by the location of the notch. We have also labeled each of the pins.
- Pin 1 is the power for the chip. This is the red wire in the image and should be aprox 2.5 inches long.
- Pin 2 is the input for the right side button that you will install later. This should be aprox 2 inches long.
- Pin 3 is the input for the left side button. This should be aprox 5 inches long.
- Pins 4,5,6 and 7 are not used.

tip: For information on proper soldering visit <a href="http://www.curiousinventor.com/guides/How To Solder">http://www.curiousinventor.com/guides/How To Solder</a>

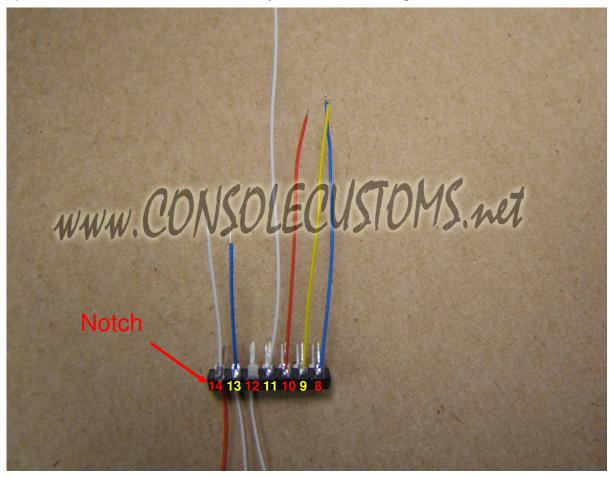
tip: Only strip about 1/8" of the wire for soldering. Exposing more bare wire could cause a short.



#### Step 3: Next you will flip the chip over and solder the rest of the wires to the Chip.

In the image below you can see the other side of the chip. The orientation of the chip can bee seen by the location of the notch. We have also labeled each of the pins.

- Pin 14 (short white wire) is the ground for the chip. This wire should be aprox 3/4 of an inch long.
- Pin 13 (short Blue wire) is the output to the Right trigger. This wire should be aprox 3/4 of an inch long.
- Pin 12 is not used.
- Pin 11 (long White Wire) is for the input from the Back button. This wire should be aprox 2.5 inches long.
- Pin 10 (Red Wire) is for the B button and should be aprox 1.5 inches long.
- Pin 9 (Yellow Wire) is for the Y button and should be aprox 1.5 inches long.
- Pin 8 (Long Blue Wire) is for the X button and should be aprox 1.5 inches long.



## Step 4: Opening the controller

- Remove the 7 screws indicated below. One is behind the small white label.
- The wireless controller requires a T8 Torx security driver. This is a star shaped tip with a hole in the middle of it. It is very difficult to open the wireless controller without this.

## **WIRELESS**



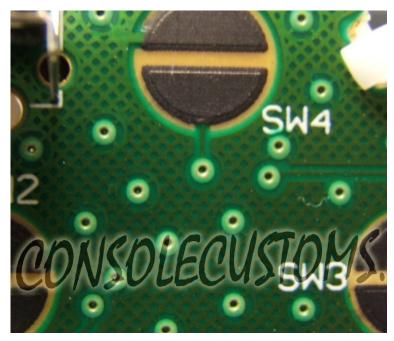
## Step 5: Preparing the PCB and vias.

- Vias are the small circles you see all over the PCB. These have a green coating over them that must be scraped off before you can solder to it.
- Below shows the 4 vias that will be used and must be cleared. The next step shows a close-up of B and Y vias.

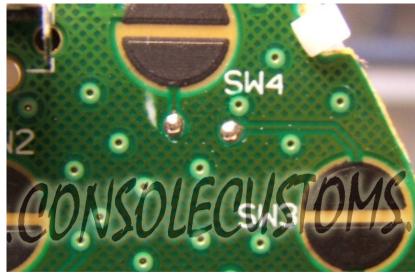


## Step 6: Preparing the PCB and vias. Part 2

• Below are close-ups of the Y and B vias so you can see them before scraping them clean. After scraping them clean and after tinning them with solder.

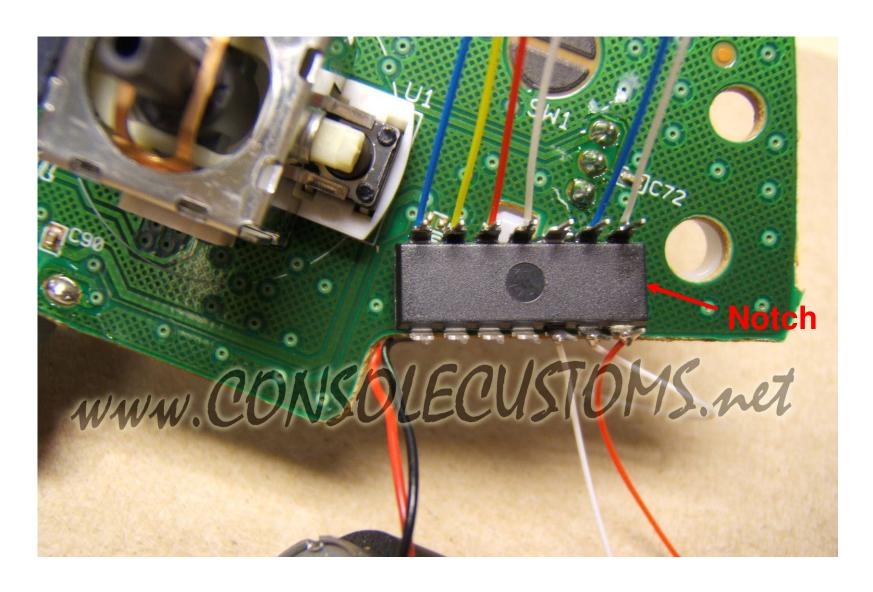






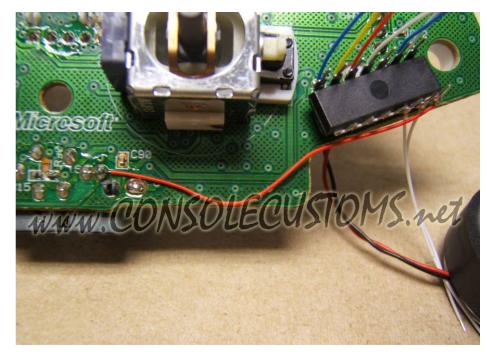
## Step 7: Mounting the Chip to the PCB

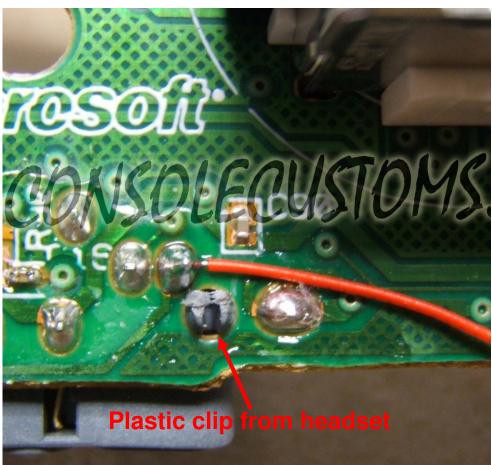
- Now you will want to mount the chip to the PCB. Mount on it's back (also known as Dead bug) along the edge of the PCB as shown using hot glue. This will be on top of the solder points for the rumble motor.
- Try to mount the chip with the same around of room in-between the right thumbstick and the chip and also the bottom hole in the PCB and the chip.



## Step 8: Attaching the Power wire

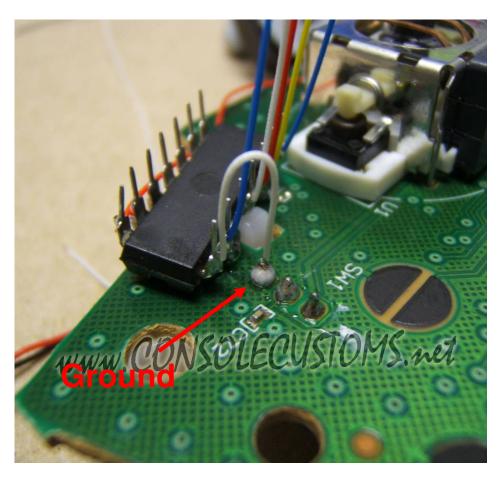
- The first wire you will want to solder is the power wire. Below you can see an overview shot and also a close up of the power wire connection.
- Be sure to keep the stripped part of the wire short so that bare wire does not touch any other solder points.





## Step 9: Attaching the Ground and trigger wires

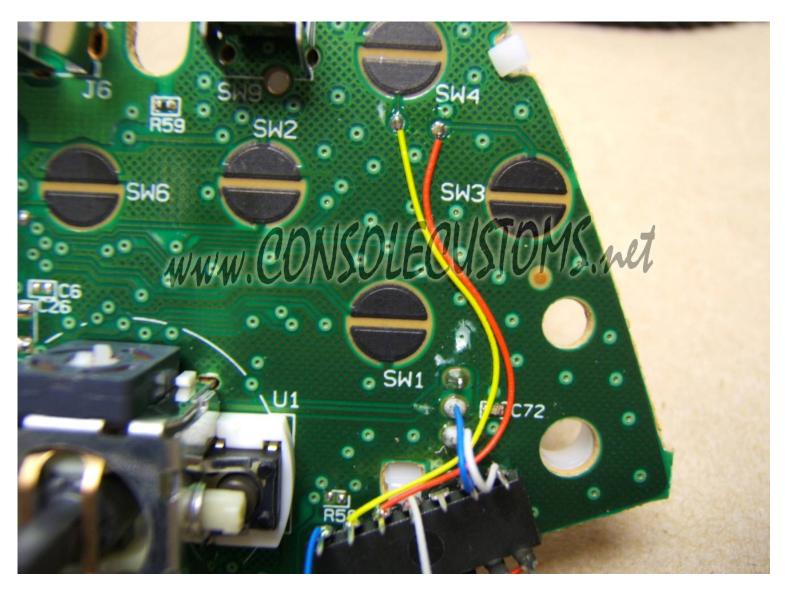
- Now you will solder the Ground wire. This is the short white in our pictures that is attached to pin 14. As you can see in the left side image you will take this wire and attach it to the bottom of the three solder points for the trigger.
- Next is the trigger wire. This is the short blue wire in our pictures attached to Pin 13. This wire will go to the middle of the three trigger pins as shown in the right side image below.





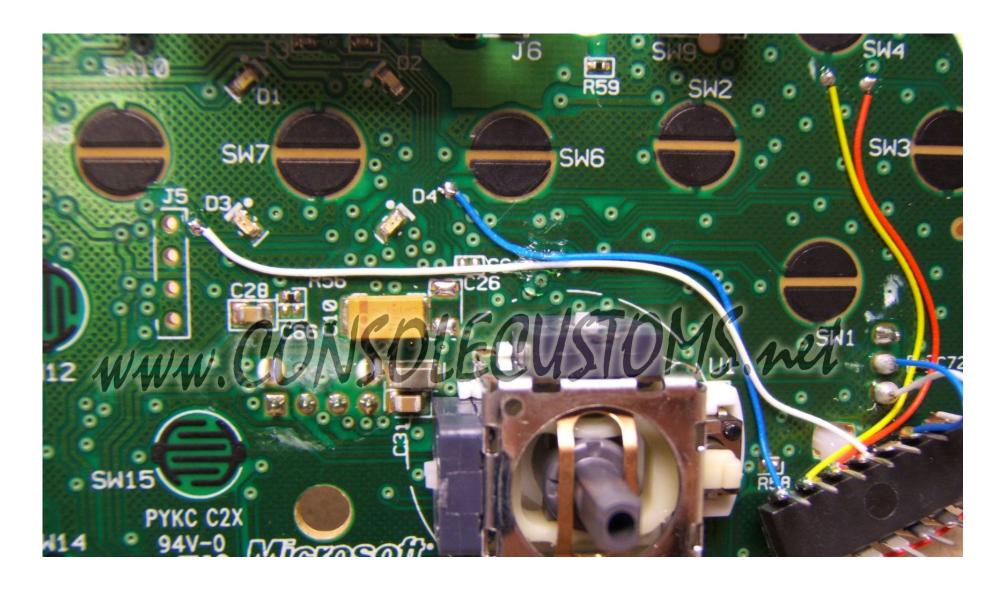
#### Step 10: Attaching the Y and B button wires

- Next you will want to run the wires for the Y and B buttons and solder them to their appropriate points. The B button is the red wire from Pin 10. The Y button is the yellow wire from Pin 9.
- When running these wire be sure they do not cross into any of the black circles and keep the wires as short and neat as possible. Using a small amount of hot glue to hold the wires in place can be very helpful.



#### Step 11: Attaching the X and Back button wires

- Next you will want to run the wires for the X and Back buttons and solder them to their appropriate points. The X button is the blue wire from Pin 8. The Back button is the white wire from Pin 11.
- When running these wire be sure they do not cross into any of the black circles and keep the wires as short and neat as possible. Using a small amount of hot glue to hold the wires in place can be very helpful.



#### Step 12: Onto the case and buttons.

- First you will prepare your buttons by removing one pair of legs Use the image to the right so you know which legs to remove. Once you have the two legs removed bend the remaining two legs so they are flat against the bottom of the button this will keep them from touching something when you reassemble your controller.
- Now you are ready to drill the holes in your controller. The left side image below shows the location where we drill our holes. But you can put hem where ever is comfortable for you. In the image you can see a red Oval. This red oval is to show were there is a oval shaped indention in the case left over from the molding process. You will find this on both sides of the controller to use as a reference point.
- Next install you buttons using hot glue and ONLY hot glue. Using super glue or other liquid adhesives will soak into the button and cause it to no longer function.
- Finally attach a wire to one of the legs of each button. It is easiest to use only one wire and start with the right side button and then melt the casing to attach it to the left side button leaving about 1.5 inches of wire to solder to ground later on.

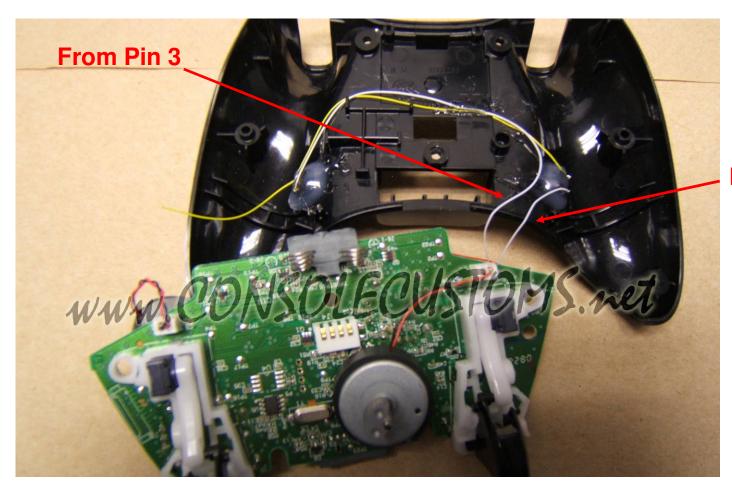






#### Step 13: Connecting the wires from the chip to the Buttons

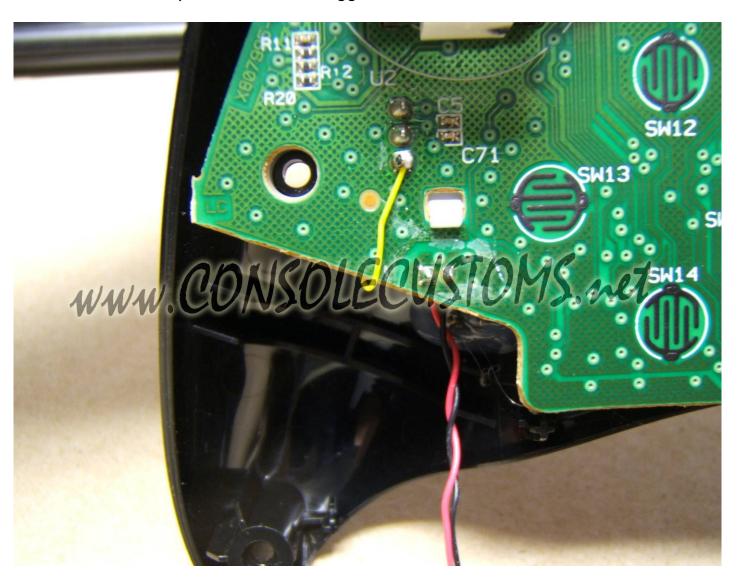
- You should only have two wires left on your chip that are not attached to anything. One from Pin 2 and one from Pin 3.
- Take the PCB and flip it over and bring it close to the back cover as shown below. Take the wire from pin 2 and attach it to the free leg of the right side button. Do the same with the wire from Pin 3 and the free leg of the left side button.
- Keep the wires in place using some hot glue. Route the wires going to the left side so they go around the raised area in the middle of the controller.



From Pin 2

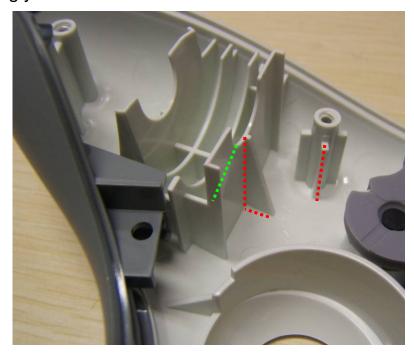
## Step 14: Attaching the buttons to ground.

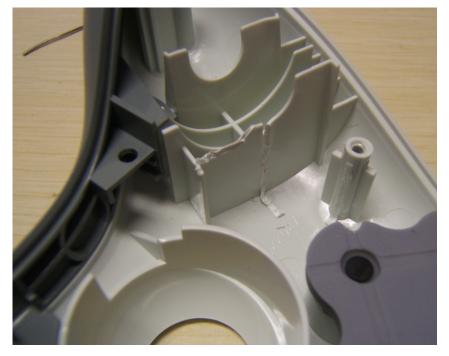
- For the final wire you will need to solder you will want to take the wire you ran to both buttons in step 12 and attach it to ground.
- First you will want to flip the PCB over and set it in the back of the case. Then take the wire from the buttons and solder it to the bottom of the three pins from the left trigger as shown below.



#### Step 15: Almost done

- Now onto the top of the case. To make it all fit you will have to make a little bit more room. Using a knife or side cutters remove the plastic supports shown in the image in red. This is the angled support for the right side rumble motor and one of the supports for the case screw.
- Depending on your button placement you may also need to remove part of the back support for the rumble motor. This is shown in green in the images.
- •The last thing you need to do is reassemble everything. The easiest way we have found to do this is leave the top of the case face down so all the buttons do not fall out. And hold the PCB together with the back of the controller and flip it over onto the top of the case. Align the rumble motors so they are in their holders and lay the PCB and back of the case onto the front of the case. Keep it face down and use your finger to work the thumbsticks through the holes and work the case closed. Do not force it, you may have wires preventing the case from closing properly. Just go slow and look at any areas to see what is stopping it from closing all the way.
- •Now just screw your controller back together and your done! See the next page for additional information on using your new mod.





## **Xbox 360 Double shot rapid fire Mod for Halo 2:**

This mod has 5 modes, 2 for the right side button and 3 for the left side button.

- The right side button can be either Double shot or Rapid fire.
- The left side button Can be BXRR, BYYRR or Quick reload.

To change the mode of a button you just need to hold the controllers back button and then press the button on the back that you would like the change.

Example: The left button is BXRR but default. If you wanted to change this button to it's second function you would hold the controllers back button and then press the left side button that you installed. Then release both the back and left side buttons. The button will now function as BYYRR. Follow the same procedure to change it to quick reload, then one more time to go back to BXRR.